CTF Report: Extracting the Flag via Bookmarklet Execution

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Abstract

This report presents the solution to the picoCTF challenge **Bookmarklet**. The challenge demonstrates how JavaScript bookmarklets can be used to obfuscate and later reveal sensitive information. By inspecting the code, copying it to the console, and executing it, we successfully retrieve the hidden flag.

1 Challenge Overview

The challenge introduces a bookmarklet that supposedly prints the flag when executed.

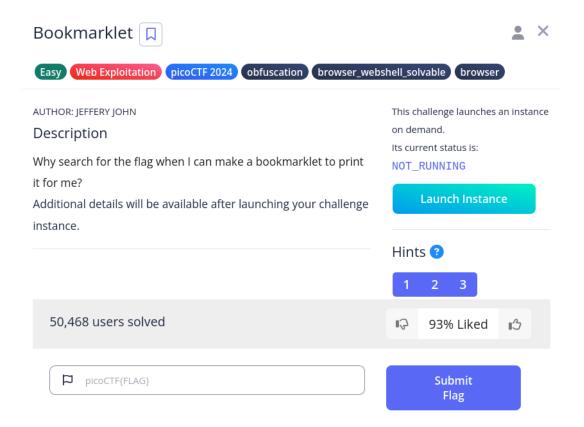


Figure 1: Challenge statement for Bookmarklet.

2 Environment & Tools

• OS: Kali Linux

• Browser: Firefox Developer Tools

3 Reconnaissance

The website displays a simple page titled *flag distribution website*, containing a bookmarklet with obfuscated JavaScript code.



Figure 2: Homepage displaying the bookmarklet JavaScript code.

4 Inspecting the Bookmarklet Code

The HTML source contains a textarea with the bookmarklet code. This script defines an encryptedFlag, applies a simple cipher using the key "picoctf", and finally alerts the decrypted flag.

Figure 3: The obfuscated bookmarklet code found in the page source.

5 Executing the Code

Copying the bookmarklet code into the browser console and executing it runs the decryption loop and displays the flag.

Figure 4: Executing the bookmarklet code in the browser console.

6 Results

The code execution triggers a JavaScript alert box displaying the flag.



Figure 5: The decrypted flag displayed via alert.

The final flag is:

picoCTF{p@@g3_turn3r_0148cb05}

7 Discussion & Takeaways

This challenge highlights:

- Bookmarklets can hide logic using obfuscation.
- Viewing and running JavaScript in the browser console is a useful inspection technique.
- Obfuscation is not encryption client-side code should never contain sensitive secrets.

8 Conclusion

By analyzing and executing the provided bookmarklet, we successfully decrypted the hidden flag, completing the *Bookmarklet* challenge.